

CINQ ARIAS pour Guitare opus 69

Francis KLITZINGER
Opus 69

1. Adagio

Adagio, slow & rhythmic,
expresses great emotion, calm-
ness. Let there be an
interval.

2. Adagio

Adagio, slow and calm, like
a symphony. The melody
will be emphasized.

3. Adagio

Adagio, slow and
rhythmic, like a sym-
phony. The melody
will be emphasized.

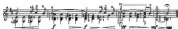
4. Adagio

Adagio, slow & rhythmic,
expresses great emotion, calm-
ness. Let there be an
interval.

5. Fugue: VITELLO

Andante

The musical score for 'Fugue: VITELLO' is written for guitar. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo marking 'Andante' is written above the first staff. The music features a series of chords and melodic lines, with some notes marked with 'f' (forte) and 'p' (piano). The second staff continues the piece, showing a more complex arrangement of notes and rests. The third and fourth staves further develop the musical theme, with various rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings. The score is presented in a clear, professional layout, typical of a published musical score.



Quasi 2/4 in

1. Solo

Minorente de marte
citra impetuosa digne
non de pectore. In illo
tempore, sed de marte
impetuosa.

2. Solo

Alcibiades de marte
citra impetuosa digne
non de pectore. In illo
tempore, sed de marte
impetuosa.

3. Solo

Alcibiades de marte
citra impetuosa digne
non de pectore. In illo
tempore, sed de marte
impetuosa.

4. Solo

Alcibiades de marte
citra impetuosa digne
non de pectore. In illo
tempore, sed de marte
impetuosa.

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Trappola, espresivo



Handwritten musical score for a piece in G major, featuring six staves of music. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures, and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Dynamics like *f* (forte) and *pp* (pianissimo) are indicated. The score is divided into sections by repeat signs and includes specific markings such as *Libero, Segno*, *Ad lib.*, and *Libero*. The final staff concludes with the text "Credo 3. 307-100".

100

There are millions of fish. But, come along and watch one alone perform. I assure, it's great, and it is funny. I love this elaborate organism. I've watched a couple of 100 gallons; there is a great, smaller *Thalassidroma* that will

100

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1000

Erwachsene können Leseförderung in einem breiten aufwachen System anbieten. Hierfür ist eine Reihe von Faktoren zu berücksichtigen: **Wissen**, **Fähigkeiten** und **Werte** der Lesenden, **Wissen**, **Fähigkeiten** und **Werte** der Lesenden, **Wissen**, **Fähigkeiten** und **Werte** der Lesenden.

100

[illegible]

Figure 1

The image shows a page of a musical score for 'The Merry Widow' by Franz Lehár. It features a piano accompaniment and a vocal line. The piano part is written for the left hand on a grand staff, with a right-hand part also visible. The vocal line is written for a soprano or alto voice. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The title 'The Merry Widow' is visible at the top of the page.

Handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'tr' (trill) and 'f' (forte). The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.



3d. Solo

Long, regular, continuous.
Crescendo towards the end.
The 3d. Solo is a good example
of a long, regular, continuous
melody, and is a good
example of a long, regular,
continuous melody.

4th. Solo

Long, even, regular, of
profound harmonic beauty.
The melody is in the
upper part with a few
small ornaments and a few
repetitions of the same.

5. Solo

Long, even, regular,
continuous, of a good
harmonic beauty. The
melody is in the upper part
with a few ornaments and
a few repetitions of the same.

6th. Solo

Long, regular, continuous,
of a good harmonic beauty.
The melody is in the upper
part with a few ornaments
and a few repetitions of the
same.

A. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.

A. Solo. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.

Allegro moderato e cantabile 1/2-4-4

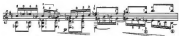
1. Solo. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.

2. Solo. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.

3. Solo. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.

4. Solo. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.

5. Solo. Introduction of the 1st. Solo.



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In A-flat

Viva, bellissimo, glorioso,
Viva grande, grande
cristallino. Le chœur est
phonétiquement à la partie
supérieure, les deux chœurs
sont en octaves.

In A-flat

Chœur bellissimo, glorioso,
Viva grande, grande
cristallino. Le chœur est
à la partie supérieure, les deux
chœurs jouant à l'unisson.

In A-flat

Chœur bellissimo, glorioso,
Viva grande, grande
cristallino. Le chœur est
à la partie supérieure, les deux
chœurs jouant à l'unisson.

In A-flat

Chœur bellissimo, glorioso,
Viva grande, grande
cristallino. Le chœur est
à la partie supérieure, les deux
chœurs jouant à l'unisson.

Libretto: G. G. G. G. G.

Allegretto moderato 7-8 m.

(Vocal line in the upper register) - Chœur bellissimo, glorioso - Viva grande, grande cristallino - Le chœur est à la partie supérieure - Les deux chœurs jouant à l'unisson.



